

Goals:

- I can solve equations containing radicals.
- I can solve inequalities containing radicals.

Name: _____

Algebra II
Solving Radical Equations**STEPS TO SOLVING RADICAL EQUATIONS**

1. Isolate the radical on one side of the equation.
2. Raise each side of the equation to a power equal to the index of the radical to eliminate the radical.
3. Solve the resulting polynomial equation. Check your results.

Definition:

Extraneous solution—a number that doesn't satisfy the original equation**Example 1: Solve Radical Equations**

a. $\sqrt{x + 2} + 4 = 7$

Subtract 4 from each side to isolate the radical.

Square each side to eliminate the radical.

Find the squares.

Subtract 2 from each side.

b. $5 = \sqrt{x - 2} - 1$

Example 2: Solve a Cube Root Equation

$$2(6x - 3)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4 = 0$$

Add 4 to each side.

Cube each side.

Evaluate the cubes.

Divide each side by 6.

Example 3: What is the solution of $3(\sqrt[4]{2x + 6}) - 6 = 0$